

II. Los pronombres subjetivos *Singular*
 a. What are the six subject pronouns in Spanish

1 ^o	I = <i>yo</i>	<i>Singular</i> We (masculine OR masculine/feminine) = <i>nosotros</i> We (feminine) = <i>nosotras</i> (algun y yo)
2 ^o	You (sing/fam) = <i>tú</i>	<i>plural</i> You (pl/ fam) = <i>vosotros/as</i>
3 ^o	He = <i>él</i> She = <i>ella</i> You (formal) = <i>usted</i> (Ud.)	They (masculine OR masculine/feminine) = <i>ellos</i> They (feminine) = <i>ellas</i> You (pl/form (fam)) = <i>ustedes</i> (Uds.)

b. What is the difference between tú and Usted?

c. When/ where is the vosotros form used?

d. Can you abbreviate any of the pronoun forms?

e. Are subject pronouns used as frequently in Spanish as they are in English?

no

f. When do you use Usted?

use/w 3rd person*

*- verb forms - imperfecto
- futuro simple*

g. What form do you use for the English impersonal subject pronoun "it"?

3^a singular

- cond.

- subjuntivo

h. What are two other cases in which subject pronouns are used in Spanish.

- After the verb *ser* :
 - ¿Quién es el profesor de esta clase? Soy **yo**.
- When the main verb is not expresses:
 - ¿Quién destrae al profesor? **Ella**
 - Ellos van a España, per **nosotros** no.

Instrucciones: Match the term to the correct definition by writing the letter of the term in the blank.

- | | |
|---|--------------------------|
| 1. ____ Use this form when talking to an adult that you address with a title, such as <i>señor, señora, professor(a)</i> , etc. | a. ellas |
| 2. ____ "We" as in a group of males OR group of males and females | b. subject of a sentence |
| 3. ____ "We" as in a group of ALL females | c. nosotras |
| 4. ____ "They" as in a group of males or group of males and females | d. tú |
| 5. ____ "They" as in a group of ALL females | e. nosotros |
| 6. ____ Use this form with family, friends, people your age or younger, and anyone you call by his or her first name. | f. subject pronoun |
| 7. ____ Tells who is doing the action. Can be a person's name or a subject pronoun. | g. Usted (Ud.) |
| 8. ____ Replaces people's names. | h. él |
| 9. ____ Use this form when speaking to two or more people regardless of age | i. Ustedes (Uds.) |
| 10. Use this form to say he | j. ellos |

Practice exercises: Write the correct Spanish subject pronoun for each subject.

Modelo: Miguel y yo ____nosotros____

1. Ana y María _____
2. Tú y tus amigos _____
3. Tú y José _____
4. Tú y yo _____
5. Ustedes y el professor _____
6. Mi amiga y yo _____
7. Tú y ella _____
8. Marcos _____
9. Manuel y Andrés _____
10. Susana _____